# Extreme photography

CS 178, Spring 2010



Marc Levoy Computer Science Department Stanford University

#### Extremes

- high resolution
- high speed
- low speed
- small aperture
- large aperture
- narrow field of view
- wide field of view
- high dynamic range
- low dynamic range



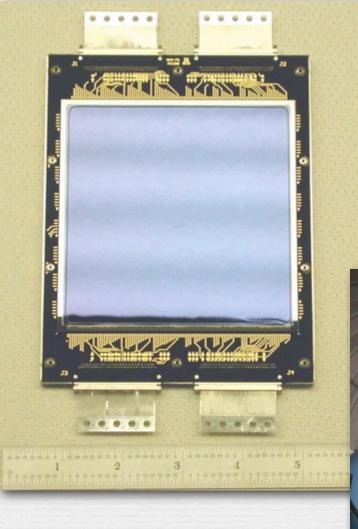
Sinar view camera 10,000 × 8,000 pixels

# CRAYONS Different Brilliant Colors

(>>\$2.57



## 111-megapixel wafer-scale sensor



✤ 95mm × 95mm CCD sensor

- ✤ 10,580 × 10,560 pixels
- low yield, very expensive



5" (aperture) telescope at the U.S. naval observatory, Flagstaff, AZ

# Graham Flint's gigapxl.org



- custom camera and lens
- + 18" negative  $\rightarrow$  drum scanner  $\rightarrow$  printer
- ✤ 40,000 pixels × 25,000 pixels



Balboa Park, San Diego

(full-resolution print in Gates Hall, 3<sup>rd</sup> floor, entrance to graphics wing)



San Diego Skyline





#### xrez.com (also gigapixel resolution)



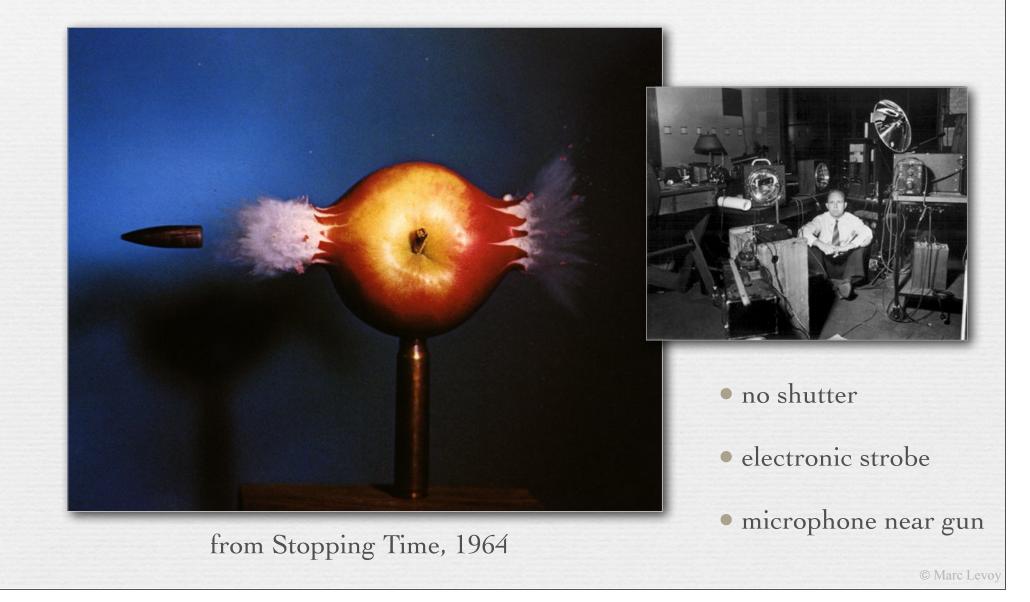
### xrez.com (also gigapixel resolution)

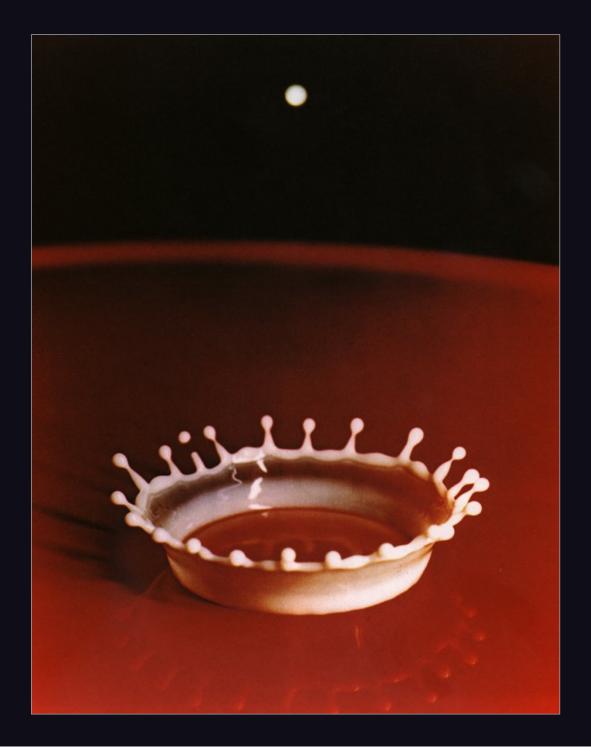


#### Extremes

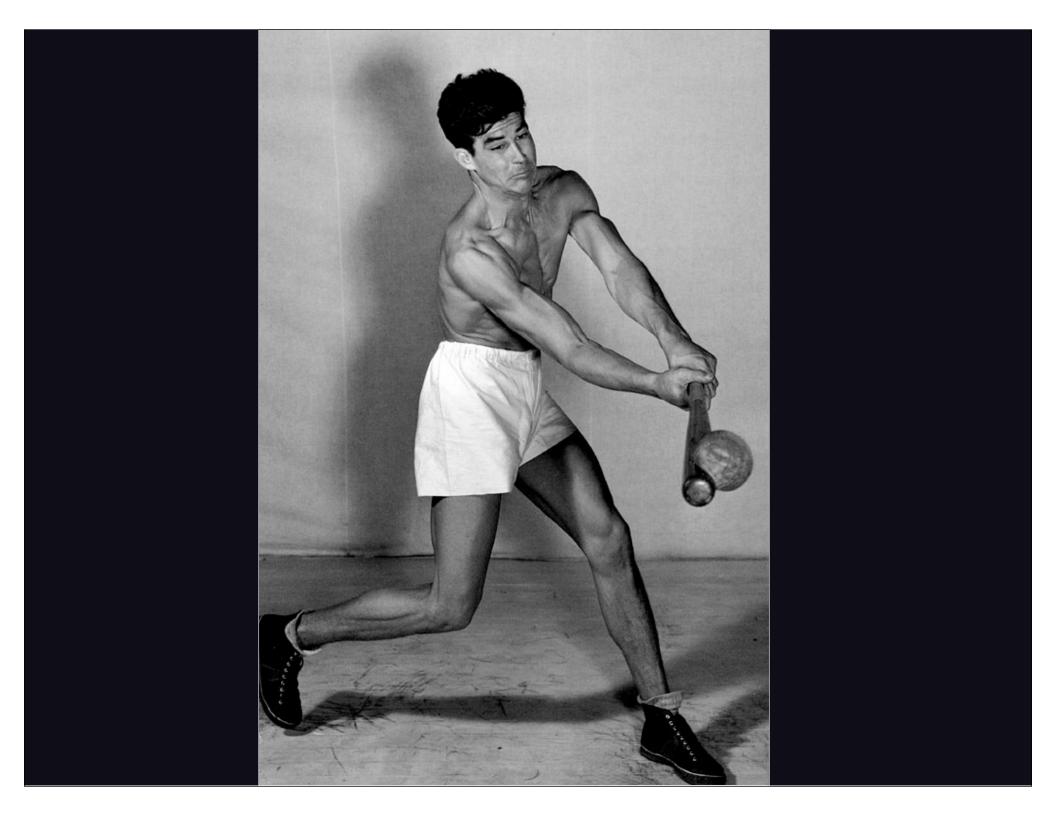
- high resolution
- high speed
- low speed
- small aperture
- large aperture
- narrow field of view
- wide field of view
- high dynamic range
- low dynamic range

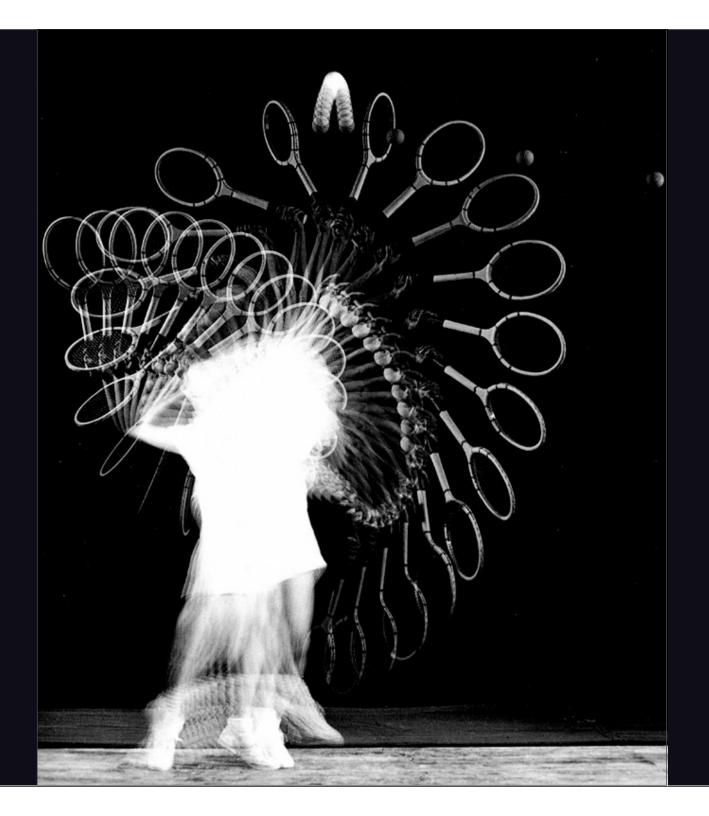
#### Harold Edgerton: "father" of high-speed photography



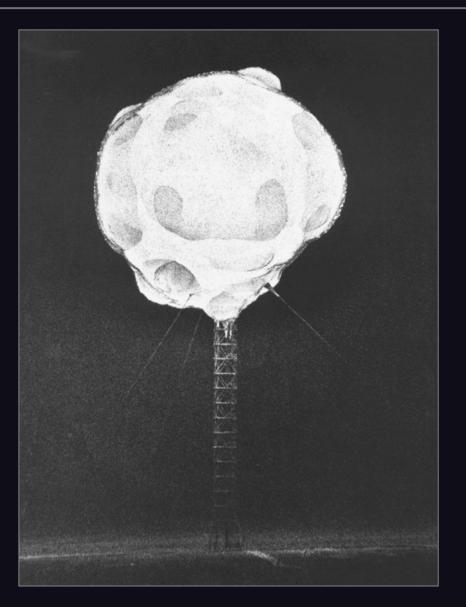




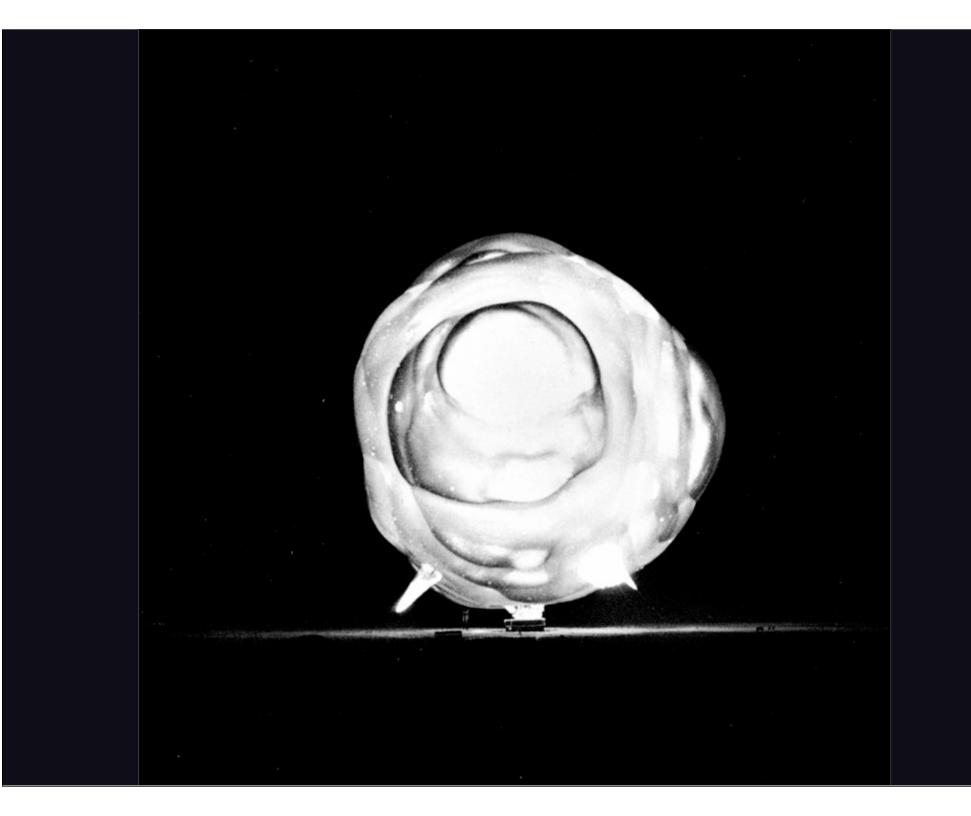


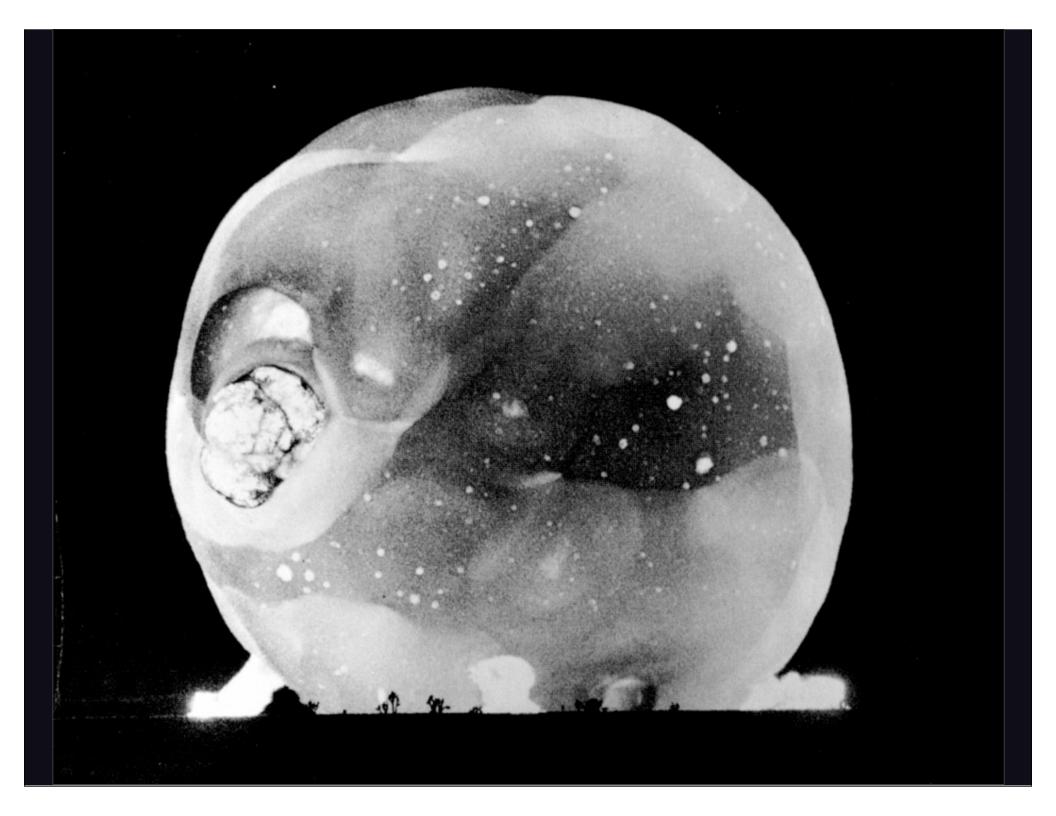


# Ultra-high speed photography



- atomic explosion
- 1/100,000,000 second
- camera was 7 miles away
- telescopic lens





#### High-speed video with a still camera: the Casio EX-F1



21

- 640 × 480 pixels
- 300 frames per second
- border collie



- 320 × 480 pixels
- 600 frames per second



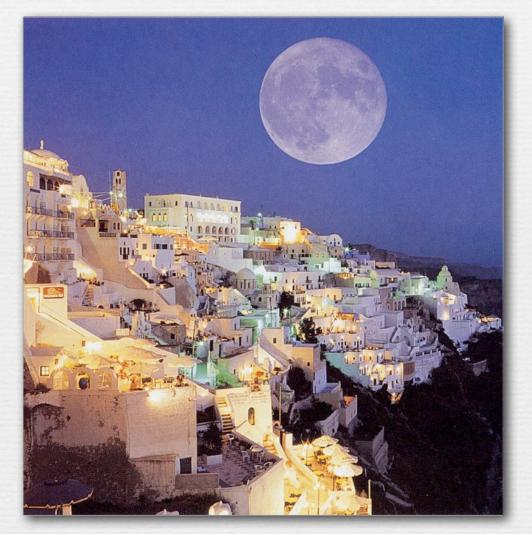
#### • 160 × 480 pixels

• 1200 frames per second

#### Extremes

- high resolution
- high speed
- ✤ low speed
- small aperture
- large aperture
- narrow field of view
- wide field of view
- high dynamic range
- low dynamic range

# Low-light photography



Lee Frost, Santorini, Greece

composite of two
 30-second exposures

#### Time exposures in astonomy



Lee Frost, star trails



(Palomar 200-inch)

- 30-minute exposure
- telescopes can rotate to avoid smearing stars
- What is the unmoving star in the middle?

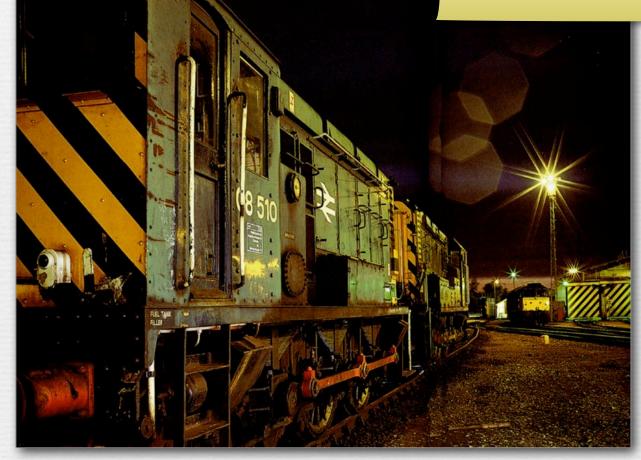
© Marc Levoy



Jesse Levinson, Andromeda

# Painting with light

In class I mentioned the "painting with light" photograph TA Art Tosborvorn submitted for one of his assignments in CS 178 last year. You can find this photograph at <u>http://graphics.stanford.edu/courses/</u>



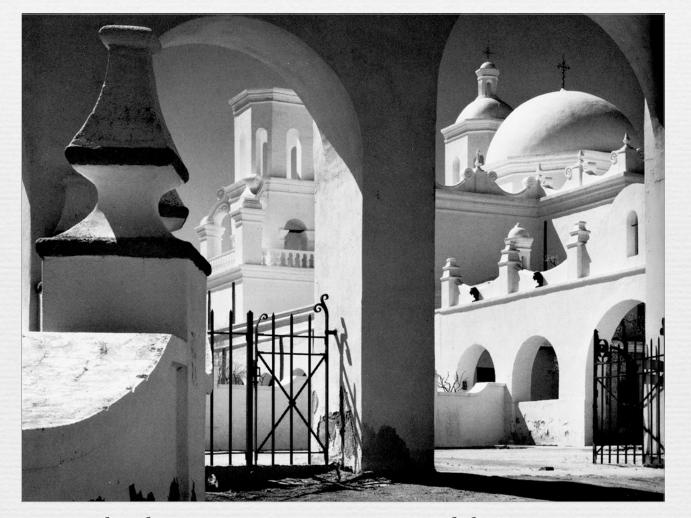
Lee Frost, railroad yard

- 30-second exposure
- multiple flashes
- Don't stand between the flashed part of the scene and the camera!

#### Extremes

- high resolution
- high speed
- low speed
- small aperture
- large aperture
- narrow field of view
- wide field of view
- high dynamic range
- low dynamic range

#### Small aperture (large depth of field)



• the f/64 club

Ansel Adams, Mission San Xavier del Bac, Tucson

#### Extremes

- high resolution
- high speed
- low speed
- small aperture
- ♦ large aperture
- narrow field of view
- wide field of view
- high dynamic range
- low dynamic range

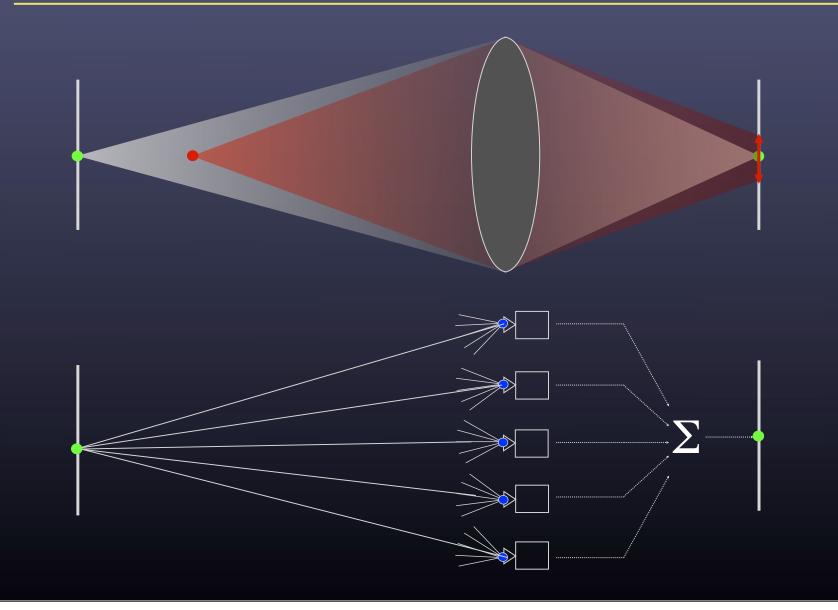
#### Large aperture (shallow depth of field)



Lewis Hine, Girl Worker in Cotton Mill, 1908

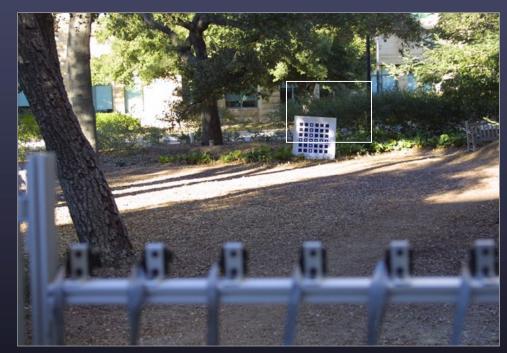


#### Synthetic aperture photography



#### Example using 45 cameras [Vaish CVPR 2004]





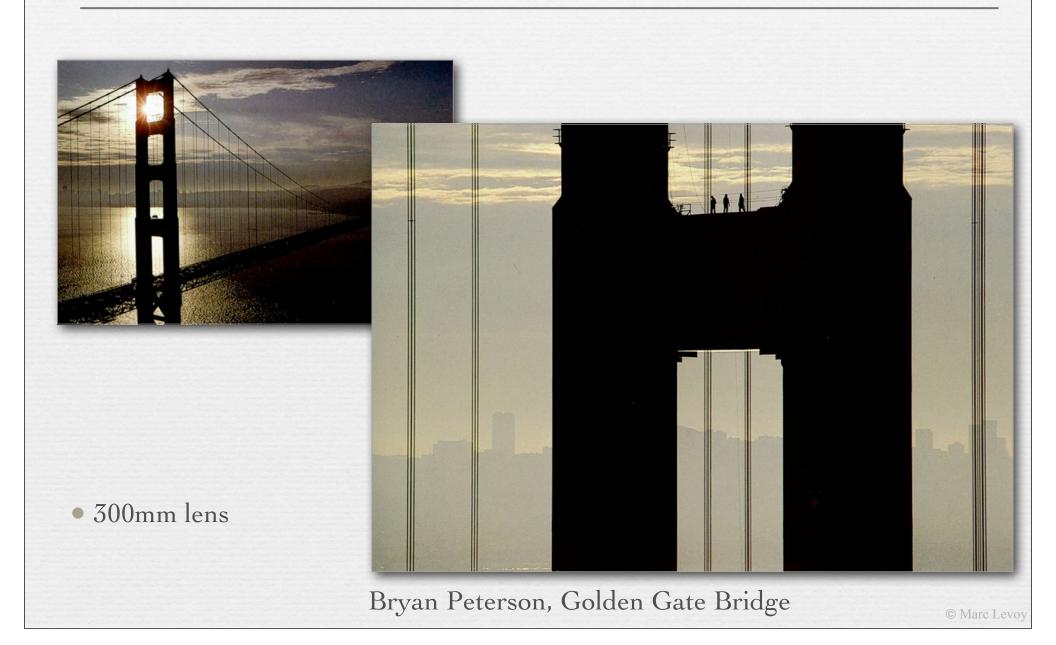
You can find the video I showed in class at http:// graphics.stanford.edu/projects/array/, under "Slides, videos, and demos".



## Extremes

- high resolution
- high speed
- low speed
- small aperture
- large aperture
- narrow field of view
- wide field of view
- high dynamic range
- low dynamic range

## Narrow field of view: telephoto lens



# Extreme telephoto





• Nikon 1540mm Cassegrain reflector



# Other extreme telephoto lenses



Canon 1200mm

40



Credit:http://nikonfan.cocolog-nifty.com/

Nikon 2000mm

# Really extreme



Hale telescope on Mt. Palomar, CA

A = 200" (16') f = 650" (50') N = f/3.3

Marc Levoy

## Extremes

- high resolution
- high speed
- low speed
- small aperture
- large aperture
- narrow field of view
- wide field of view
- high dynamic range
- low dynamic range

## Wide field of view: stitched panoramas



## Wide field of view: stitched panoramas



Crater Lake, Oregon

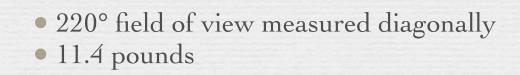
4 photos, total = 90° field of view
Canon point-and-shoot camera, handheld
stitched using Photoshop CS3

## Games with stitched panoramas

• 5 shots, with camera aimed slightly downwards and rolled clockwise around its optical axis between shots left to right, producing a curved world effect when stitched using Photoshop with cylindrical projection



# Nikon 6mm fisheye lens





© Marc Levoy

## 360 x 360 panorama



Paul Debevec, Uffizi Galleries, Florence

• point a camera at a chrome ball

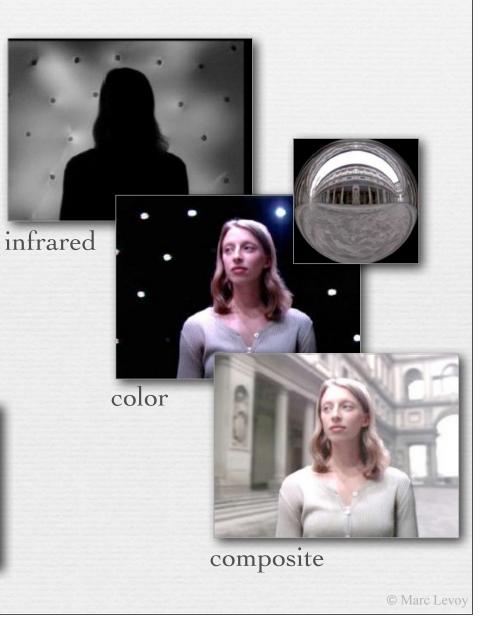
#### Image-based relighting (Paul Debevec)



Light Stage



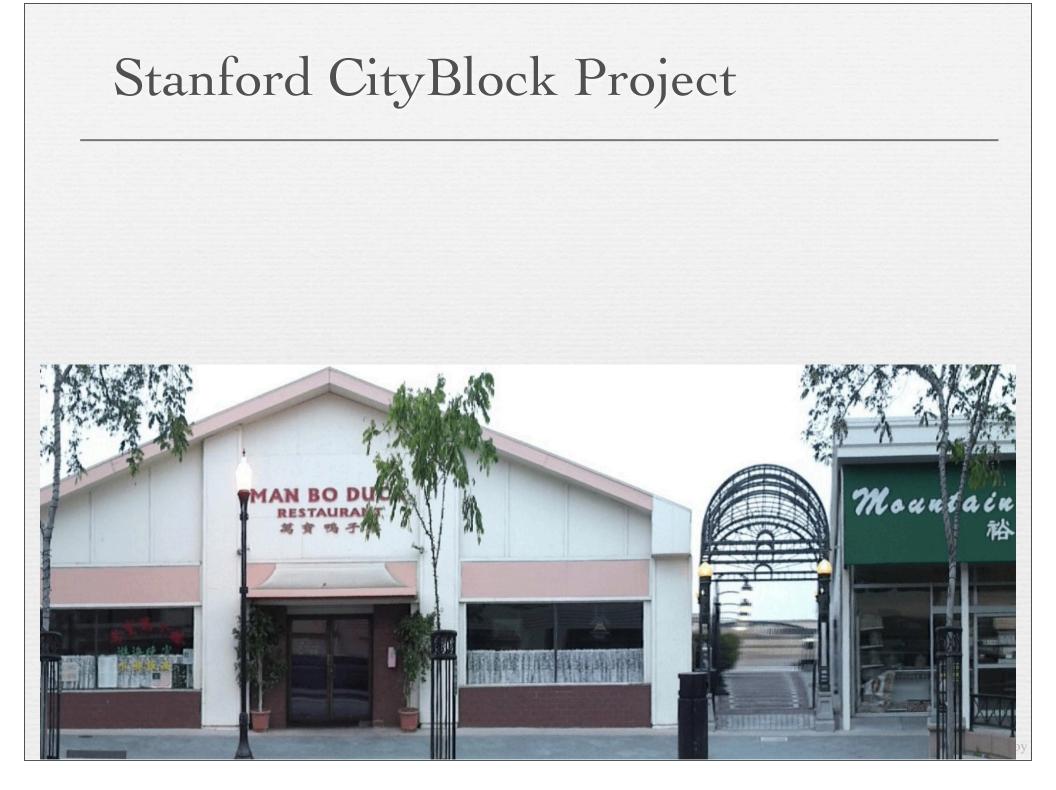
color and infrared LEDs

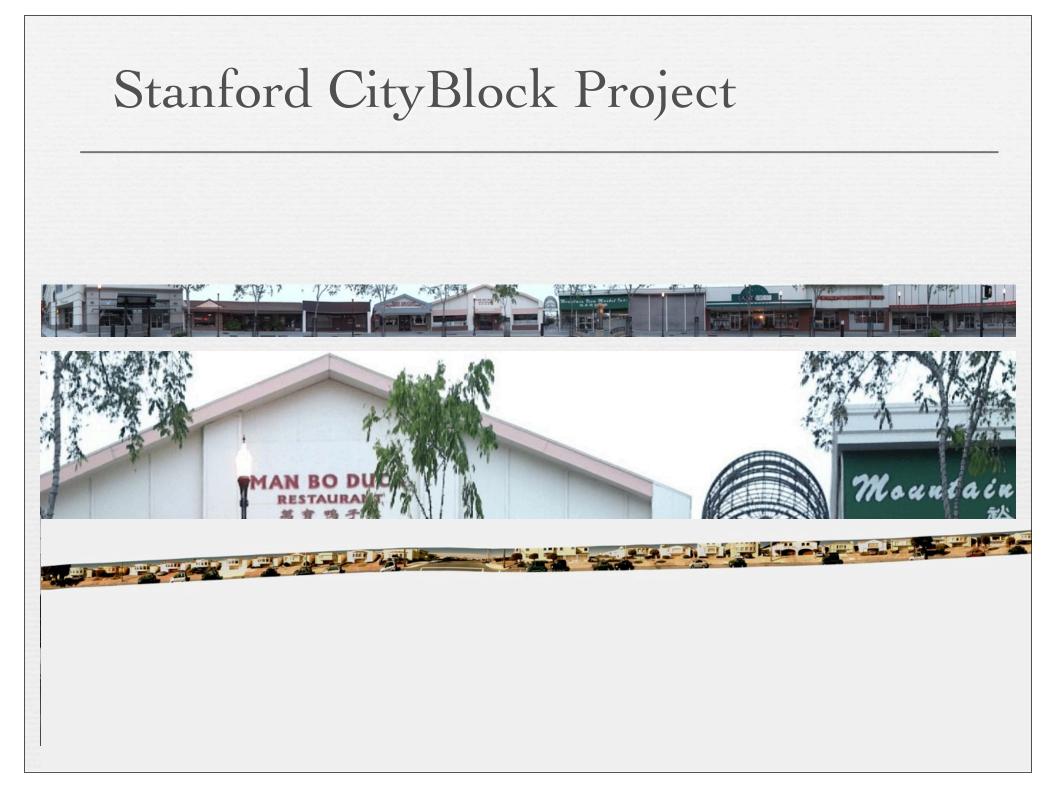


## Stanford CityBlock Project (now Google StreetView)

- capture video while driving
- extract middle column from each frame
- stack them to create a panorama







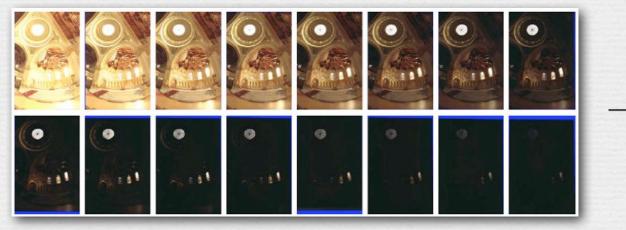
## Extremes

- high resolution
- high speed
- low speed
- small aperture
- large aperture
- narrow field of view
- wide field of view
- high dynamic range
- low dynamic range

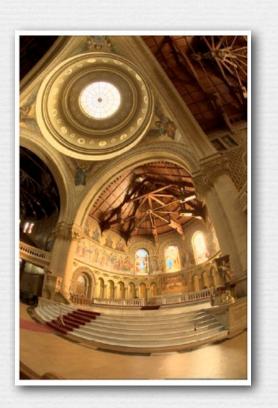
# High dynamic range (HDR)

one of photography's key limitations

- negative film = 250:1 (8 stops)
- paper prints = 50:1
- example below = 250,000:1 (18 stops)







© Marc Levo

# DIY HDR



 2 shots Photoshop CS4

## Extremes

- high resolution
- high speed
- low speed
- small aperture
- large aperture
- narrow field of view
- wide field of view
- high dynamic range
- low dynamic range

# Atmospheric perspective according to Leonardo

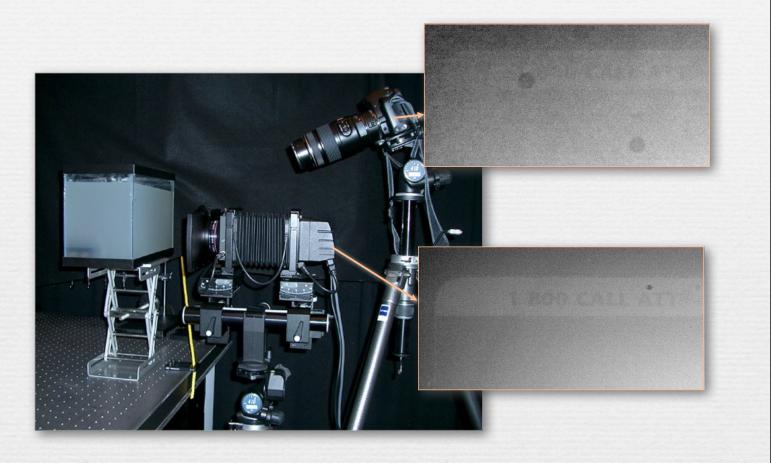


" the nearest objects will be bounded by evident and sharp boundaries, while those more distant will be... more blurred"

On Painting

Virgin and child with St. Anne

#### Sinar P3 view camera with 54H digital back



•  $2\frac{1}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$  sensor, actively cooled, 14 <u>real</u> bits

# Coral reefs and shipwrecks



#### Slide credits

(in addition to individually credited images)

- Kayafas, G., Jussim, E., Stopping Time: The Photographs of Harold Edgerton, Harry Abrams Inc., 1987.
- ← Frost, L., Night & Low-Light Photography, Watson-Guptill, 1999.
- + Peterson, B., Learning to See Creatively, Watson-Guptill, 1988.
- Kemp, M., Leonardo On Painting, Yale University, 1989.
- <u>http://gigapixl.org</u>
- ♦ <u>http://xrez.com</u>